

Gold Class: Long Term Overview & Progression

	Autumn I Marvellous Me	Autumn 2 Autumn Rhume Time	Spring 1 Winter Helpful Heroes	Spring 2 Fantastic Fairytales Easter	Summer I Awesome Animals	Summer 2 Magnificent Minibeasts
Core Texts				Fantastic Fairytales Easter The Enormous Turnip by Yates Jack & the Beanstalk by Alperin The Gingerbread Man by Temperin Goldlocks & the Three Bears by Alperin Sam Plants a Sunflower by Schffler The Three Billy Goats Gruff by Alperin The story of Easter by Boon EASTER	Awesome Animals Monkey Puzzle by Donaldson Commotion in the Ocean by Andreae & Wojtowycz Dear Zoo by Rod Campbell Can I Be Your Dog? by Cummings How To Choose a Pet by Chandler Dear Zoo Dear Zoo	
	CHOOSE Nike Barratt Pipps Goden Nake Barra	Cld Macdonald hid of form	Police Officer	Sam Plants a Sunflower Electrony back skuller Goldiacks Billy Goats Gruff	Rod Campbell Molica Aukase & Barid Mylovya y Monkey Ruzite	BUG HOTEL CASE FOR A SOUTH FO

Educational Programme. EYFS Statutory Framework - PSED: Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

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secure platform fron	n which children can achieve a	it school and in later life.				
Personal, Social	Become more outgoing with	Develop their sense of	Show more confidence in	Be increasingly independent	Remember rules without	Develop appropriate ways of
& Emotional	familiar people, in the safe	responsibility and	new social situations.	in meeting their own care	needing an adult to remind	being assertive.
Development	context of their setting.	membership of a community.	Talk about their feelings	needs, e.g. brushing teeth,	them.	Talk with others to solve
	Select and use activities	Play with one or more other	using words like 'happy',	using the toilet, washing	Find solutions to conflicts	conflicts.
	and resources, with help	children, extending and	'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'.	and drying their hands	and rivalries. For example,	Understand gradually how
	when needed.	elaborating play ideas.	Increasingly follow rules,	thoroughly.	accepting that not everyone	others might be feeling.
			understanding why they are		can be Spider-Man in the	
			important.		game and suggesting other	
			Make healthy choices about		ideas.	
			food, drink, activity and			
			tooth brushing.			
Educational Program	rme. EYFS Statutory Framework	- Communication & Language	The development of children's	spoken language underpins all	seven areas of learning and d	evelopment. Children's back-
		foundations for language and				
		menting on what children are in				
		n, and engaging them actively i				
		e opportunity to thrive. Through orate, children become comforto				nodelling from their teacher,
·						Lii ii ii i
i Communication &	I Sing a large repertoire of	Know many rhymes he able	I Pau attention to more than	I Start a conversation with	I Use langer sentences of	Use talk to organise

and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.								
Communication &	Sing a large repertoire of	Know many rhymes, be able	Pay attention to more than	Start a conversation with	Use longer sentences of	Use talk to organise		
Language	songs.	to talk about familiar books,	one thing at a time, which	an adult or a friend and	four to six words.	themselves and their play:		
	Enjoy listening to longer	and be able to tell a long	can be difficult.	continue it for many turns.	Understand 'why' questions,	"Let's go on a busyou sit		
	stories and can remember	story.	Use a wider range of	Develop their	like, "Why do you think the	thereI'll be the driver." Be		
	much of what happens.	Understand a question or	vocabulary.	communication, but may	caterpillar got so fat?"	able to express a point of		
		instruction that has two	•	continue to have problems	Develop their pronunciation	view and to debate when		
		parts, such as 'Get your		with irregular tenses and	but may have problems	they disagree with an adult		
		coat and wait at the door'.		plurals, such as 'runned' for	saying: some sounds (r,j,th,ch	or friend, using words as		
				'ran'.	and sh), multisyllabic words	well as actions.		
					such as 'pterodactyl' or			
					'hippopotamus'.			

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	periences develop incrementally t					
	ng and play movement with bot					
	palance, spatial awareness, co-or					
	hand-eye co-ordination, which				small world activities, puzzles, c	ırts and crafts and the
	mall tools, with feedback and su					
Physical	Use large-muscle	Choose the right resources	Go up steps and stairs, or	Match their developing	Be increasingly independent	Show a preference for a
Development	movements to wave flags	to carry out their own plan.	climb up apparatus, using	physical skills to tasks and	as they get dressed and	dominant hand.
	and streamers, paint and	For example, choosing a	alternate feet.	activities in the setting. For	undressed, for example,	Use a comfortable grip with
	make marks.	spade to enlarge a small	Start taking part in some	example, they decide	putting on coats and doing	good control when holding
	Continue to develop their	hole they dug with a trowel.	group activities which they	whether to crawl, walk or	up zips.	pens and pencils.
	movement, balancing, riding	Collaborate with others to	make up for themselves, or	run across a plank,		Increasingly be able to use
	and ball skills.	manage large items, such as	in teams.	depending on its length and		and remember sequences
		moving a long plank safely,		width.		and patterns of movements
		carrying large hollow blocks.				which are related to music
		carrying carge motion brocks.				and rhythm
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	comprehension (necessary for bot					
	with them, and enjoy rhymes, poo					
	speedy recognition of familiar p					
Literacy	Enjoy a range of books	Develop their phonological	Develop their phonological	Use some of their print and	Develop their phonological	Write some or all of their
	regularly, encourage children	awareness so that they can	awareness so that they can count or clap syllables	letter knowledge in their	awareness so that they can	name.
	to join in with repetitive	spot and suggest rhymes.	within a word.	early writing. For example,	recognise words with the	Write some letters
	phrases within the book.	Engage in extended	within a word.	writing a list that starts at	same initial sound such as	accurately.
	Sing and learn a range of	conversations about stories,		the top of the page.	mum and money.	
	rhymes and poems.	learning new vocabulary.				
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Educational Programme. EYFS Statutory Framework = Maths: Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes. Maths Talk about and identify Describe a familiar route. Recite numbers past 5. Make comparisons between Begin to describe a Compare quantities using objects relating to size, sequence of events using patterns around them, e.g. Show 'finger numbers' up to Link numerals and amounts, language 'more than', 'fewer length, weight and capacity. words such as 'first', 'then'. than'. stripes on clothes, use e.g. showing the right Discuss routes and locations, Experiment with their own informal language like number of objects to match Combine shapes to make Know that the last number using words like 'in front symbols and marks as well the numeral, up to 5. new ones - an arch. a 'pointy', 'spotty' etc. reached when counting a of and behind. as numerals. Develop fast recognition of small set of objects tells Talk about and explore 2D bigger triangle etc. Extend and create ABAB objects up to 3 without you how many there are in and 3D shapes using Notice and correct an error patterns. Say one number for each having to count them total (cardinal principle). informal and mathematical in a repeating pattern. item in order 1,2,3,4,5 individually. Solve real world problems language: sides, corners, Select shapes appropriately. with numbers up to 5. straight, flat, round. Understand position through Select shapes appropriately: words alone - for example, flat surfaces for building, a "The bag is under the triangular prism for a roof table," - with no pointing.

Educational Programme. EYFS Statutory Framework - Understanding the World: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them - from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary

will support later reading comprehension.								
Understanding	Begin to make sense of	Talk about the differences	Show interest in different	Plant seeds and care for	Know that there are	Understand the key features		
the World	their own life story and	between materials and	occupations.	growing plants.	different countries in the	of the life cycle of a plant		
	family's history.	changes they notice.	Explore and talk about	Begin to understand the	world and talk about the	and an animal.		
	Use all their senses in	Explore collections of	different forces they can	need to respect and care	differences they have experienced or seen in	Continue developing positive attitudes about the		
	hands-on exploration of	materials with similar	feel.	for the natural environment	photos.	differences between people.		
	natural materials.	and/or different properties.	Explore how things work.	and all living things.	process.	aggerertees between people.		
			Talk about what they see					
			using a wide vocabulary.					

Educational Programme. EYFS Statutory Framework - Expressive Arts & Design: The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are

	r progress in interpreting and c	appreciating what they hear, res	pond to and observe.			•
Expressive Arts & Design	Remember and sing entire songs. Listen with increasing attention to sounds. Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar.	Explore colour and colour mixing. Join different materials and explore different textures. Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits.	Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down and up) of familiar songs. Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.	Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc. Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.	Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets and dolls. Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.	Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas. Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know. Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.
Religious Education (Manchester Diocese Syllabus)	F4 Being special: where do we belong? Thematic	F2 Why is Christmas special for Christians? (Incarnation)	FI Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians? (God)	F3 Why is Easter special to Christians? (Salvation)	F5 What places are special and why? (Thematic)	F6 What times/stories are special and why? (Thematic)
Phonics: Little Wandle Letters & Sounds Revised	Foundations for Phonics (see LW overview) Nursery rhymes Environmental and instrumental sounds	Foundations for Phonics (see LW overview) Little wandle Nursery rhymes: environmental sounds, rhyming, voice sounds, syllables.	Foundations for Phonics (see LW overview) Little wandle Nursery rhymes: environmental sounds, rhyming, voice sounds, syllables. Intro satpin mdgo phonemes	Foundations for Phonics (see LW overview) Little wandle Nursery rhymes: environmental sounds, rhyming, voice sounds, syllables. Intro kce urhbflj phonemes	Foundations for Phonics (see LW overview) Little wandle Nursery rhymes: environmental sounds, rhyming, voice sounds, syllables. Intro vwyzquch phonemes	Foundations for Phonics (see LW overview) Little wandle Nursery rhymes: environmental sounds, rhyming, voice sounds, syllables. Oral segmenting and blending
Handwriting: Squiggle While You Wiggle	Big up and down movements with scarves in both hands. Recognise photo	Big side to side movements with scarves in both hands. Recognise name with photo	Big circle movements with scarves in both hands. Mark making name	Big zig zag/wiggly movements with scarves in both hands. Mark making name.	Up and down, side to side movements using crayons on paper using both hands. Attempt some letters from name.	Circle/wiggly/zig zag movements with crayons on paper using both hands. Name writing.
Maths: Master the Curriculum	Colours Match Sort	Number I Number 2 Pattern	Number 3 Number 4 Number 5	Number 6 Height and Length Mass Capacity	Sequencing Positional language More than/ fewer 2D Shape 3D Shape	Number composition What comes after? What comes before? Numbers to 5